Never try to be an inventor in America any more. You will be attacked by the technology Cartels. Innovation is dead in the USA.

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GETTING SCREWED IN AMERICAL

If you are an average American, you were raised on Norman Rockwell-ish tales of Thomas Edison or Benjamin Franklin, sitting in their workshop, with their little round Harry Potter glasses, making all kinds of wonderful things on their workbenches, for which America is forever indebted. You believed the crap, they taught you in school, about being rewarded, by society, for contributing to the improvement of the quality of American life by being an inventor.

Dream on.

In reality, if you make a clever thing, you will be "tolerated" until your thing gets a number of orders

If you make a truly better mousetrap, you had better have gone to an lw League school, have an lw League symmetrical facial structure, and been in the right fraternity house, or you are

Nobody, that isn't in the VC Boys Club is going to see any actual cash. If you are East Indian, you might see it for a few months until the Board, now run by the VC's, kicks you out.

If you are an outsider, with the next big thing, here is what will happen to you:

You will be invited to pitch to some Silicon Valley VC's. They will look at your great idea, take lots of notes, shake their heads in affirmation and then say "no thanks". As soon as you leave the room, they will hand your idea to their neighbor VC, copy it, rename it and make billions off of it.

The network TV Show: "Silicon Valley"; only barely scratches the surface of the depths to which Silicon Valley VC's will stoop.

You will ask The White House for help with the situation, on behalf of domestic innovation, but you will find that the White House is funded by those very VC's.

You will ask lawyers to sue the VC's but the VC's own 3/4 of the lawyers who might do it, and the rest want a \$300,000.00 retainer and, even then, are afraid that the billions of dollars, the VC's have, will be used to delay your case into the next decade.

Most of the federal and state law enforcement bosses work for the corrupt politicians, and are taking cash from the VC's, for their campaigns. Modern history has proven that the law enforcement agencies won't help you, because they don't want to upset the gravy train. Federal records show that almost 80% of the U.S. Congress has received cash, stock market rewards, trips, campaign funds, search engine manipulation, and marketing from the Silicon Valley VC's. Congress works for them, not you.

That isn't even the worst part!

The VC's will hire bloggers and tabloids to put hit-jobs on you, in order to reduce the potential for you to get assistance.

Then the VC's will declare that there is a "Patent Troll Crisis" and spend millions of dollars bribing corrupt Senators to get the patent laws changed so that patents are almost illegal. They want to make certain that you never make a dime, because of your crime of being more creative than them.

It could get even worse. You could end up dead. Multiple billionaires have now been charged with murders. The media is rife with psychological profiles of Silicon Valley billionaires, disclosing them as "Clinical Sociopaths"

The misogyny, rapes, sex scandals, tax evasions, expense frauds, racism and elitism, of Silicon Valley, truly reveals the twisted core of the people that run Silicon Valley.

The narcissistic, self-centered, ego's of the Silicon Valley VC's are legend. Feature films are made about their strange sense of entitlement and power-lust.

If they see something they like; their first thought is, like a child: "MINE".

America was branded as the "land of opportunity" and the "place where you can dream big and rise tall". BS!

The way it actually works is: IF you went to Stanford or Yale, and IF your family was on the right entitled family list, and IF you played the frat boy games, then you could get into the Boys Club. Otherwise, you will be robbed blind, watch your inventions get copied, and you will be given no recourse

You will watch the VC's have their shill bloggers discredit you by publishing attack blogs, saying that your technology won't work, in order to minimize your chances of getting funding, outside of the Silicon Valley Cartel. Then you will watch, as those same VC's, launch 100% exact clones of your technology, that they said "can't work", and make billions, and billions of dollars, on your creation.

So, you paid your taxes. You were told you pay those taxes in exchange for government services to help you. You won't get any help because the VC's are paying the government people

You will find that VC's, including John Doerr, Eric Schmidt, etc. are practically living at the White House and dictating how laws are to be written, primarily for their personal benefits. Will you get any personal benefits? Nope. You will get ripped off with the full consent and support of those you trusted to help

Silicon Valley went from being an "idea farm" to a mobster-like crime-mill for stock market manipulation and market rigging, as proven by the scandals known as "The AngelGate Collusion Scandal", "The Silicon Valley Cartel No-poaching Conspiracy", "The Silicon Valley Hookers Scandal", etc., etc... These Silicon Valley VC's have engaged in bribery, commodity market fixing, embezzlement, election rigging and more. Some of them have previously promoted their partnerships with Russian mobster-like businessmen who are now listed as enemies of America. They promised to hire blacks, and women, and now we can all see, in the news, that they absolutely lied about doing that. These Silicon Valley folks are not very nice people. Their moral compass appears to be shattered.

Do you think you have a bright idea? Forget about it!

Welcome to the New Americal

THE SURE SIGN OF A GREAT IDEA IS WHEN SOME BIG GORILLA STEALS IT FROM YOU.

Read and know some of the history, below, so you can see the first signs of trouble:

Inventors+ Who Changed the World and Got Screwed in Return

By Karl Smallwood

As we've discussed before, just because your hard work and perseverance led you to create something that changes the world, it doesn't mean that you'll get fame, fortune, or the slightest bit of recognition out of it. In fact, some inventors get so little credit that we completely forgot about them in our previous article, and since we really don't like angering the ghosts of people who could probably invent a way to punch us from beyond the grave, here they are

#6. Siegel and Shuster, Superman's Creators

Jerry Siegel and Joe Shuster created Superman, the most famous superhero ever, perhaps with the exception of Spider-Man or that kid who changes the channel with his eyes in X2

Debuting in 1938, Superman was an instant success. DC Comics soon followed up the "man in underpants punches criminals" concept with Batman, and that was it, there was no turning back: Siegel and

ation had started a multibillion-dollar industry that is still going strong today, spawning toys, T-shirts, and, oh yeah, some of the highest-grossing movies of all time

Nice one, Siegel and Shuster!

Alan Light "Take it from us. kids; Work hard, change the world, and you too can see absolutely no reward from it!"

But Then They Got Screwed

"Nice one, Siegel and Shuster" is exactly what DC must have said, in a sarcastic tone, when the duo famously sold them all rights to Superman for a measly \$130, a check that's now ironically worth hundreds of thousands of dollars.

At the time, no one suspected that the guy in blue pajamas that they'd been drawing would turn into a cultural icon — so when he did, and Siegel and Shuster continued getting squat, the pair embarked on perhaps the longest clusterfuck in copyright history.

The duo spent the better part of their lives unsuccessfully trying to reclaim some part of their creation, only to be rebuffed time and time again. While DC raked in billions from Superman alone, Siegel and Shuster lived the lives of paupers. They were given a yearly pension in the late 1970s by Warner Bros. (which had purchased DC), but only because the studio couldn't afford the bad publicity with a Superman provie on the way.

In 1999, three years after Siegel died, his family successfully won the rights to his half of his creation. A happy ending, right? Nope! This meant dick to Warner Bros., who still refused to pay them a penny, leaving them to fight in court for another 10 fucking years. And the superdickery continues: More recently, documents disappeared from Siegel's daughter's attorney's office and somehow wound up in the hands of Warner Bros. executives.

#5. Philo T. Farnsworth, the Farm Boy Who Invented Television

Philo Farnsworth, besides having the supreme honor of inspiring a Futurama character, was a serial inventor with a list of credited patents longer than his forehead.

Among those patents was the one that made television possible: an "image dissector" that could capture images as a series of lines to be displayed electronically. If that isn't impressive enough for you, consider the fact that Farnsworth came up with the idea at age 14, while growing up on a farm in Idaho, and first demonstrated it at 21, in 1927. If that didn't make you feel bad about yourself, it should have

But Then He Got Screwed

When the young inventor applied for a patent at age 20, David Sarnoff of the Radio Corporation of America took notice. Radio had a pretty cozy spot at the center of the American living room at this point, and Sarnoff wasn't interested in letting that change. And if it did, then he would at least make sure that RCA would be the one getting rich from it.

Sarnoff kept Farnsworth tied in a series of legal battles over the next decade using a number of bullshit tactics, likehiring a Russian inventor to spy on him or using said inventor's earlier patents (which they could never get to work) to argue that he had invented TV. At one point Sarnoff just said "Fuck it" and started making TVs without paying Farnsworth. RCA was eventually forced to pay him a one-time \$1 million licensing fee, but it wasn't worth the emotional stress that had left the man crippled.

Then the whole television business was put on hold when the '40s rolled around and the government told everyone to focus on building things that could kill Germans. The final blow came when Farnsworth's patents expired, just as World War II ended ... and, what do you know, television sales skyrocketed. RCA, or anyone else for that matter, no longer had to even pretend to give a shit about paying Farnsworth for his invention.

It wasn't until 20 years after his death that the government decided that Farnsworth probably deserved some recognition. No shit

Following Farnsworth's final wishes, his statue is about to insert something into Sarnoff's anus.

#4. Edwin H. Armstrong, the Father of FM Radio

When is the last time you listened to AM radio? Intentionally? The sound quality is so bad that most of the programming is reduced to things that already sound like shit, like conservative talk radio or a single, never-ending religious sermon in Spanish.

The much superior FM was invented by Edwin Armstrong, who created a system to reduce interference across radio bands in the 1910s. He continued his lifelong vendetta against crappy sound in the '20s, when he came up with frequency modulation (FM) as a way to reduce static. We will now reiterate that he developed all this technology nearly 100 years ago, and it's still present in all modern radios.

But Then He Got Screwed

Things see

med to be going swimmingly for Armstrong for a while, but it was at this point that a remarkably smug asshole came into the picture.

Yes, David fucking Sarnoff from RC-fucking-A proceeded to mess with the life of yet another world-changing inventor. Sarnoff had built his empire with AM radio, so he decided that if FM was the way of the future, then he'd do anything possible to pull a John Connor on that future. Since Armstrong wouldn't relinquish his patent, Sarnoff made sure that RCA not only stopped supporting the development of the new technology, but actively tried to stop it.

In 1937, Armstrong used money from his own pocket to build the very first FM radio station. Another followed, then another, until by the mid '40s a string of stations known as the Yankee Network were busy convincing everyone of the superiority of FM, just by existing. And then it all stopped.

In a dick move of epic proportions, Sarnoff successfully lobbied the FCC to move the FM band to a different place on the dial, from 42 to 50 MHz to 88 to 108 MHz. While there were somewhat valid technical reasons for this, a happy side effect for RCA was that it made all of Armstrong's stations instantly obsolete.

It took decades for FM radio to recover. In the late '70s, it finally surpassed AM, but Armstrong was long gone by then, having committed suicide in 1954 by jumping from the 13th floor of his office building, presumably screaming "FUCK SARNOOOOOFFFF" all the way down.

#3. John Walker, Inventor of the Match

About 500 billion matches are used every year in the United States — that's the kind of volume you can do when your product sets itself on fire with every use. Before the invention of self-igniting friction matches, people simply used sticks that caught on fire when you, y'know, put them near fire.

This changed when John Walker, an English chemist born in 1871, began coating sticks in a number of dangerous-sounding chemicals until he happened upon one that, when struck against a surface, erupted in flames. Other self-igniting matches had been tried before, but they were extremely impractical, by which we mean that a lot of people probably lost their eyebrows or worse using them.

And clearly, eyebrows were very important to this man.

Walker's invention caught on fire, both literally and figuratively, and we still keep matches around today, despite the fact that we've all heard of lighters.

But Then He Got Screwed

Walker, unaware of the potential of his invention, worked on these new "friction lights" for about a year, then promptly forgot about the whole thing and stopped selling them. People close to him implored Walker to patent his friction light, since he'd just revolutionized the creation of fire and all. Walker declined, believing that his invention could better benefit mankind without a patent.

Others, however, believed that Walker's invention could better benefit mankind by making them rich

Getty- "How does fire help humanity if it doesn't allow me to buy prostitutes?"

In 1829, another inventor named Isaac Holden independently came up with an improved version of Walker's friction matches. Like Walker, Holden neglected to patent his idea ... and that's where one Samuel Jones came in. Jones, realizing that Walker and Holden had effectively created one of the most useful inventions in the history of civilization and weren't making money from it, decided to do it on their behalf, because he was nice like that.

Almost immediately, Jones patented the exact same thing and began selling it under the name "Lucifers," because fuck it — if you're gonna be evil, you might as well go to the source. Soon other brands began offering improved versions of the same thing, all for a price, of course. It wasn't until they were all dead that Walker was credited for his invention, and Jones for being a douchebag.

#2. Stephen Foster, the Father of American Music

There are some tunes that you're just born knowing. If we somehow forced you to hum a melody right now, chances are that a great number of you would go with something like "Oh! Susanna":

Or "Camptown Races" (you know, the one that goes "doo-da, doo-da"):

Or maybe something more nostalgic, like "Old Folks at Home":

Man, can you imagine if all these songs had been written by the same guy, and that he'd been actively trying to get money from them? That dude would have been richer than Madonna and Bono combined.

Actually, all those songs and more were written by the same person, and he did try to cash in on them — the keyword being "try."

Then "she" came around the mountain and snatched up all his royalties.

But Then He Got Screwed

In the 1800s, Stephen Foster wrote classics like "My Old Kentucky Home" and "Beautiful Dreamer" and over 200 other songs. Foster was a professional songwriter before those existed. Seriously: The profession literally did not existbefore Foster trailblazed it like a motherfucker.

Of course, the problem with being the first in his profession was that there were no such things as "enforcing copyright" or "not screwing over songwriters" back then. Today, Foster would have earned

obscene amounts of money from "Oh! Susanna" alone, but in 1848, he got exactly \$100 for the rights to publish the sheet music, while the publisher made \$10,000 selling his work

Even when Foster became a minor celebrity, he continued getting nothing but pennies for every copy of his work that was sold. For his dozens of hit songs, he saw around \$15,000 in royalties in his whole life. In the 1860s, he was dumped by his wife, who had probably had enough of sticking around with this dude who wrote like a rock star, anddrank like a rock star, but was not rich like one. He died at the age of 37 after hitting his head on a washbasin, with around 40 cents in his pocket.

Some of which were melted down to make this statue

His contributions can't be overstated. Not only did he create most of the conventions of popular songwriting as we know them today, but he also demonstrated the need for intellectual property laws by getting repeatedly screwed.

#1. Gary Kildall, the Father of the Operating System

Gary Kildall is one of the guys we have to thank for the fact that you don't need to be a genius to use the ultra advanced computer you are looking at right now to search for porn. Thank you, Gary.

In 1973, Kildall made life a lot easier for nerds everywhere when he created CP/M, a groundbreaking operating system for microcomputers (which is what they called any computer smaller than a semi truck back then). The program became the industry standard for the next decade. This guy was basically Bill Gates before Bill Gates was Bill Gates.

Michael Ochs Archives / Getty

"It's cool, I'll just donate a bunch of money to charity someday when I'm all old and prune-faced."

But Then He Got Screwed

Of course, at the same time, Bill Gates was busy trying to become Bill Gates, and he eventually achieved that at Kildall's expense.

In 1980, IBM was getting ready to launch its first personal computer and needed an operating system to operate the shit out of it. They first knocked on Microsoft's door, but Microsoft wasn't really into the OS-making business at that point, so they directed the IBM suits to Gary Kildall's company. However, as nerd lore has it, Gary picked that day to go flying (he was an amateur pilot), blowing off IBM and his chance at history.

Accounts differ on whether Kildall met the IBM suits that day or not, but either way, the company went back to Microsoft, totally forgetting the whole "We don't make OS's here" part. Not one to miss out on an opportunity, Bill Gates turned to local programmer Tim Paterson, who had built a CP/M clone he called QDOS (for "Quick and Dirty Operating System"), bought it for a paltry 50 grand, then turned around and sold it to IBM under the name PC-DOS.

The term "user-friendly" meant something very different back then.

PC-DOS, later renamed MS-DOS, was included in every computer IBM made, and, long story short, that's why roughly 90 percent of you are using Microsoft Windows right now.

Today, Kildall's name is barely known, while Bill Gates will be a household name in the fucking 25th century. Most of Kildall's innovations ended up being credited to other people — and he can't even defend himself, having died in 1994 after falling down in a tavern, which pretty much just seems like his luck.

Today's lesson is, if you're an inventor, wear a freaking helmet

Karl Smallwood wrote a book (yes, a real one), which you can read all about here. If you want to read words he's written for free, feel free to follow him on Twitter. Mike Floorwalker has a website that's like ... whoa. Like, seriously, dude ... whoa.

Robert William Kearns (March 10, 1927 – February 9, 2005) was an American inventor who invented the intermittent windshield wiper systems used on most automobiles from 1969 to the present. His first patent for the invention was filed on December 1, 1964.

Kearns won one of the best known patent infringement cases against Ford Motor Company (1978–1990) and a case against Chrysler Corporation (1982–1992). Having invented and patented the intermittent windshield wiper mechanism, which was useful in light rain or mist, he tried to interest the "Big Three" auto makers in licensing the technology.

But then he got screwed.

They all rejected his proposal, yet copied his idea and began to install intermittent wipers in their cars, beginning in 1969. march Abraham made the film: "Flash of Genius" about him.

Preston Tucker was a car-crazy kid who hung around auto speedways and grew up to create an automobile—the Tucker—that was years ahead of its time. He was a man of pioneering spirit, ingenuity and daring, who revolutionized Detroit in the 1940s with his stunning "Car of Tomorrow." It was streamlined, futuristic and fast—the car every American dreamed of owning, at a price most people could afford.

A man of endless enthusiasm, Tucker publicized his model all over the country to wild acclaim. He sold stock, set up a factory . .

But then he got screwed.

...and then the auto industry launched a devastating anti-Tucker campaign in order to character assasinate, industrially spy on and sabotage his car. Francis Ford Coppola made a movie: "The Man and His Dream" about him.

Nikola Tesla helped established robotics, radar, remote control, and he helped expand ballistics, nuclear physics, and theoretical physics.

But then he got screwed.

Practically no one's heard of him. Why? Because of a man named Thomas Edison, who is widely credited with the invention of the light bulb. Edison was an all-around pretentious ass, who totally tried to steal Tesla's credit... which kinda worked, considering everyone remembers him and not Tesla.

Anyway, the two men had initially worked together — well, Tesla worked for Edison —and this is where Tesla was first screwed over by the man. Edison had offered \$50,000 — over a million bucks, adjusted for inflation — to someone who could fix his crappy and inefficient motors. When Tesla did (probably by staring them down until they worked harder), Edison wrote his deal off as a joke, and continued to pay Tesla \$18 per week. Keep in mind, Tesla was one of the most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for hi most brilliant humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for him humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for him humans to have ever lived; it didn't take long for him humans to have ever lived; it didn't have ever lived

Soon enough, Edison's electricity, direct current (DC) was competing with Tesla's far superior electricity, alternating current (AC). Edison actually tried to discredit Tesla's AC by having the first electric chair run on it; this was supposed to discourage people from putting it in their home. There are a few movies based on Nikola, one is: "The Prestige".

THUS..

What do we learn from this lesson?

- Non-disclosure agreements with investors mean nothing. Only discuss the "How it Can Make Money" part with investors and never discuss the "How it Works" part with anybody!
- Build it and try selling it yourself, first.
- File a patent on it before you tell a single sole about it. If you have told anyone except your patent lawyer, then the cat is out of the tube!